## CORRECTIONS

Yasunari Maekawa, Satoshi Kato, Kazuhiko Saigo, Masaki Hasegawa, and Yuji Ohashi: Crystallographic Interpretation of the Topochemical Behavior of Alkyl  $\alpha$ -Cyano-4-[2-(4-pyridyl)ethenyl]cinnamates in the Crystalline State. Enhancement of Photopolymerizability by Complex Formation. Volume 24, Number 9, April 29, 1991, p 2314.

Page 2319, column 2, paragraph 2, should read as follows: The elongation of L from 5.932 Å in as-prepared crystal 2c to 6.736 Å in 2c·PrOH enhances the photopolymerizability of 2c, although the elongation is still not sufficient for high-polymer formation. As shown in Figure 6b, the 1-propanol molecule (x, y, z) in 2c·PrOH is hydrogenbonded with the pyridyl nitrogen atom of the dimer (1 - x, -y, 1-z) (O(49)···N(16) 2.780 Å) and also makes contact with the carbonyl carbon of the dimer (x, y, z) within the van der Waals distance (O(49)···C(33) 3.027 Å). Subsequently, the 1-propanol molecule causes two reactant dimer molecules to separate from each other to a distance (4L) from 23.727 to 26.945 Å (Figure 7).

Page 2320, Table II, column 3 (L, A), should read as follows:

L, Å 5.792 6.987 5.753 5.932 6.736

Page 2320, Figure 7 is as follows:

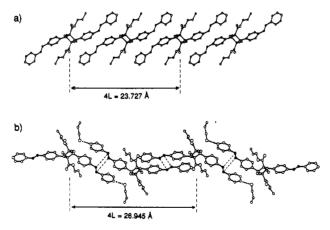


Figure 7. Molecular arrangements of 2c (a) and 2c-PrOH (b) viewed perpendicular to the direction of the polymer chain with the length of the repeating units of the dimer (4L).